

**RHODE ISLAND
STATE BUILDING CODE**

SBC-2 Rhode Island One and Two Family Dwelling Code



Effective August 1, 2007
Replaces Existing Regulation SBC-2-2004
Dated July 1, 2004

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS

**Department of Administration
BUILDING CODE STANDARDS COMMITTEE
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9th EDITION

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**Regulation SBC-2
Rhode Island One & Two Family Dwelling Code
August 1, 2007**

The Building Code Standards Committee, in accordance with the rule making authority of Title 23, Chapter 23-27.3, Section 109.1, paragraphs a through c inclusive, has formally adopted and promulgated as the Rhode Island State Building Code, the provisions of the International Residential Code, 2006 edition, as published by the International Code Council, Inc. (I.C.C.), together with amendments thereto hereinafter set forth to the articles and sections of this code:

The provisions of Title 23, Chapter 27.3 of the General Laws of Rhode Island establishing administration and enforcement are hereby incorporated by reference. Regulatory Administration Chapter 1 immediately follows and is supplemental to the General Laws.

Editorial Note: Code users please note:

When purchasing or using the IRC 2006 code, please take note of the particular printing edition. Errata to that printing edition is available on-line directly at no charge at www.iccsafe.org/cs/codes/errata.html or call the office of the State Building Code Commissioner at 401-222-3033 for further information.

Printed copies of the administrative and enforcement provisions of Title 23, Chapter 27.3 are available at the Office of the State Building Code Commission or on-line at www.rilim.state.ri.us/statutes/title23/23_27.3/index.htm.

The International Residential Code, 2006 Edition, is protected by the copyright that has been issued to the ICC. As a result, the State Building Code is not available in complete form to the public in an electronic format. The International Residential Code 2006 edition that is referred to within is contained in a printed volume and is also in an electronic format that have been published by the ICC under an exclusive license.

The Office of the State Building Code Commissioner has purchased volumes of these codes and they shall be distributed to Rhode Island cities and towns during the month of June 2007 so that local officials will have access to the code prior to the implementation of these rules on July 1, 2007.

In order to assure public access to this code the Office of the State Building Code Commissioner shall provide a copy of this code to the Rhode Island State Library, which is located on the second floor of the State House. In addition, all codes may be viewed during business hours at the Department of Administration's Library which is located on the fourth floor of the William E. Powers Building, One Capitol Hill, Providence.

The Legislative Regulation Committee approved adoption of this code on July 10, 2007.

By:

John P. Leyden

Executive Secretary

Rhode Island Building Code Standards Committee

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STATE BUILDING CODE REGULATIONS – 2007

The following list includes all regulations promulgated by the State Building Code Standards Committee. All regulations are available for a fee at the State Building Commission.

| | | |
|------------|---|--------------------|
| <u>1.</u> | <u>Building Code</u> | <u>SBC-1-2007</u> |
| <u>2..</u> | <u>One and Two Family Dwelling Code</u> | <u>SBC-2-2007</u> |
| <u>3.</u> | <u>Plumbing Code</u> | <u>SBC-3-2007</u> |
| <u>4.</u> | <u>Mechanical Code</u> | <u>SBC-4-2007</u> |
| <u>5.</u> | <u>Electrical Code</u> | <u>SBC-5-2006</u> |
| <u>6.</u> | <u>Reserved</u> | |
| <u>7.</u> | <u>Reserved</u> | |
| <u>8.</u> | <u>Energy Conservation Code</u> | <u>SBC-8-2007</u> |
| <u>9</u> | <u>Enforcement and Implementation Procedures for Projects Under the Jurisdiction of The State of Rhode Island</u> | <u>SBC-9</u> |
| <u>10.</u> | <u>Code Interpretations</u> | <u>SBC-10</u> |
| <u>11.</u> | <u>Certification of Building Officials, Building, Electrical, Plumbing and Mechanical Inspectors</u> | <u>SBC-11-2002</u> |
| <u>12.</u> | <u>New Materials and Methods of Construction</u> | <u>SBC-12</u> |
| <u>13.</u> | <u>State Building Code for Existing Schools</u> | <u>SBC-13</u> |
| <u>14.</u> | <u>Reserved</u> | |
| <u>15.</u> | <u>Reserved</u> | |
| <u>16.</u> | <u>Reserved</u> | |
| <u>17.</u> | <u>Public Buildings Accessibility Meeting Standards</u> | <u>SBC-17</u> |
| <u>18.</u> | <u>Native Lumber</u> | <u>SBC-18</u> |
| <u>19.</u> | <u>Fuel Gas Code</u> | <u>SBC-19-2007</u> |

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IRC 2006

Format: These Code changes follow numbering sequence and topics of IRC 2006 (2nd printing). All provisions of IRC 2006 are retained unless indicated as deleted or revised. Published errata is available from the publisher via website www.iccsafe.org.

Chapter 1

R101.1 Delete and substitute the following:

R101.1 Title. These provisions shall be known as the Rhode Island One and Two Family Dwelling Code SBC-2-2007 and shall be cited as such and will be referred to herein as “this code”.

R101.2 Delete and substitute the following:

R101.2 Scope. The provisions of this code shall apply to the construction, alteration, enlargement, replacement, repair, equipment, use and occupancy and location of detached one-and two-family dwellings and multiple single-family dwellings (townhouses) not more than three stories in height with a separate means of egress, and their accessory structures.

Exception: Existing one and two family buildings undergoing a change of use shall comply with the provisions of the State Building Code SBC-1 or State Rehabilitation Code SRC-1 as applicable.

R102.5 Delete and substitute the following:

R102.5 Appendices: A, B, C, D, & N are informative only and not part of this code. Appendices E, G, H, J, K, M, O, and Q apply. Appendices F, I, L, and P are deleted. New RI Appendix AA is added.

R102.7 Delete and substitute the following:

R102.7 Existing structures. The legal occupancy of any structure existing on the date of adoption of this code shall be permitted to continue without change, except as specifically covered in this code or as is deemed necessary by the building official for the general safety and welfare of the occupants and the public.

Delete R110.3 #8 without substitution

R105.2 Delete R105.2 and substitute the following:

R105.2 Work exempt from permit. Permits shall not be required for the following. Exemption from the permit requirements of this code shall not be deemed to grant authorization for any work to be done in any manner in violation of the provisions of this code or any other laws or ordinances of this jurisdiction.

Building:

1. One-story detached accessory structures provided the floor area does not exceed 64 square feet (18.58 m²).
2. Fences not over 6 feet (1829 mm) high.
3. Retaining walls that are not over 32" in height measured from the lower finished grade to the top of the wall, unless supporting a surcharge.
Exception: 1. All cast-in-place concrete retaining walls greater than 24" in height shall require a permit.
2. All engineered masonry retaining wall systems shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions
4. Water tanks supported directly upon grade if the capacity does not exceed 5,000 gallon (18 927L) and the ratio of height to diameter or width does not exceed 2 to 1.
5. Sidewalks and driveways not more than 30 inches (762 mm) above adjacent grade and not over any basement or story below.
6. Painting, papering, tiling, carpeting, cabinets, counter tops and similar finish work.
7. Prefabricated swimming pools that are less than 24 inches (610mm) deep, and man-made landscape ponds of any depth.
8. Swings and other playground equipment, and play structures less than 64 square feet.
9. Window awnings supported by an exterior wall.
10. Replacement window sash installations.
Exception: Replacement window installations that include a frame and sash(es) require a permit.

Electrical:

Maintenance: A permit shall not be required for replacement of lamps, receptacles, devices, or fixtures, including the connection of portable electrical equipment to approved permanently installed receptacle.

Gas:

1. Replacement of any minor part or appliance that does not alter approval of equipment or make such equipment unsafe.

Mechanical:

1. Portable heating appliance.
2. Portable ventilation appliances.
3. Portable cooling unit.
4. Steam, hot or chilled water piping within any heating or cooling equipment regulated by this code.
5. Replacement of any minor part that does not alter approval of equipment or make such equipment unsafe.
6. Portable evaporative cooler.
7. Self-contained refrigeration systems containing 10 pounds (4.54 kg) or less of refrigerant or that are actuated by motors of 1 horsepower (746 W) or less.

Plumbing:

The stopping of leaks in drains, water, soil, waste or vent pipe; provided, however, that if any concealed trap, drainpipe, water, soil, waste or vent pipe becomes defective and it becomes necessary to remove and replace the same with new material, such work shall be considered as new work and a permit shall be obtained and inspection made as provided in this code.

The clearing of stoppages or the repairing of leaks in pipes, valves or fixtures, and the removal and reinstallation of water closets, provided such repairs do not involve or require the replacement or rearrangement of valves, pipes or fixtures.

R105.3.1.1 Delete and substitute the following:

R105.3.1.1 Substantially improved or substantially damaged existing buildings or structures. For application for reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of existing buildings or structures located in an area prone to flooding as established by Table R301.2 (1) and community FIRM documents, the value of the proposed work or repair shall be provided by the owner or authorized agent and reviewed by the Building Official. If the Building Official determines that the proposed work equals or exceeds 50% of the market value of the building or structure, shall comply with the new code.

R107 Delete and substitute the following new section R107 Fabric Structures.

Section R107 Fabric Structures

R107.1 Fabric Structures: Fabric structures shall be located in accordance with applicable local zoning code provisions. Permits shall be required for any structure over 200 sq. ft. in area and shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions. Fabric structures over 200 sq. ft. in area but less than 400 sq. ft in area shall have engineered wind anchors

installed to withstand design wind loads and shall not remain in place for more than 6 months in any 12 consecutive month period. All structures over 400 sq. ft. and/or intended to be in place for more than a 12 month period, shall only be approved pending a satisfactory decision by the local Building Code Board of Appeals, unless full code compliance for permanent structures in all respects is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the local building official.

R110.2 Delete R110.2 and substitute the following:

R110.2 Change of Use. Change of use shall only be made in accordance with the provisions of the State Building Code SBC-1.

Add the following section R115:

R115 Other

R115.1 Other Administrative issues. The Administrative provisions of RI GL 23-27.3-100 et al are included herein into the balance of this Chapter 1 Administration.

Delete the following IRC 2006 sections and refer to appropriate Sections of

Article 1 SBC-1 and GL 23-27.3-100 et al.

R103.1, R103.2, R103.3, R104.6, R104.7, R104.8, R105.2.2, R105.3.1, R105.3.2, R105.4, R105.5, R105.6, R105.7, R106.3.1, R106.3.2, R106.3.3, R106.5, R107.1, R107.2, R107.3, R107.4, R108.1, R108.2, R108.3, R108.4, R108.5, R112.1, R112.2, R112.2.1, R112.2.2, R112.3, R112.4, R113.1, R113.2, R113.3, R113.4, R114.1, R114.2.

Retain the following IRC 2006 Sections:

R101.3, R102.1, R102.2, R102.3, R102.4, R102.6, R104.10, R102.7.1, R104.1, R104.2, R104.3, R104.4, R104.5, R104.9, R104.9.1, R104.10.1, R104.11, R104.11.1, R105.1, R105.2.1, R105.2.3, R105.3, R105.8, R106.1, R106.1.1, R106.1.2, R106.1.3, R106.2, R106.3, R106.4, R109.1, R109.1.1, R109.1.2, R109.1.3, R109.1.4, R109.1.5, R109.1.5.1, R109.1.6, R109.2, R109.3, R109.4, R110.1, R110.3, R110.4, R111.1, R111.2, R111.3.

Delete the following IRC 2006 Section without substitution:

R110.5.

Chapter 2

To Chapter 2 Definitions add the following:

Fabric Structure: Structures utilizing wood, metal or plastic frames and covered with cloth, canvas, or plastic material, excluding tents, agricultural greenhouses, and furnishings such as umbrellas, awnings or portable shade canopies, and accessory to the residential use of the primary structure. If used for non-residential accessory use, see State Building Code SBC-1-2007.

Sleeping Unit: A room or space in which people sleep, which can also include permanent provisions for living, eating, and either sanitation or kitchen facilities but not both. Such rooms and spaces that are also part of a dwelling unit are not sleeping units.

To Chapter 2 Definitions Delete and Substitute the following

ACCESSORY STRUCTURE. In one- and two-family dwellings not more than three stories high with separate means of egress, a building, the use of which is incidental to that of the main building and which is located on the same lot.

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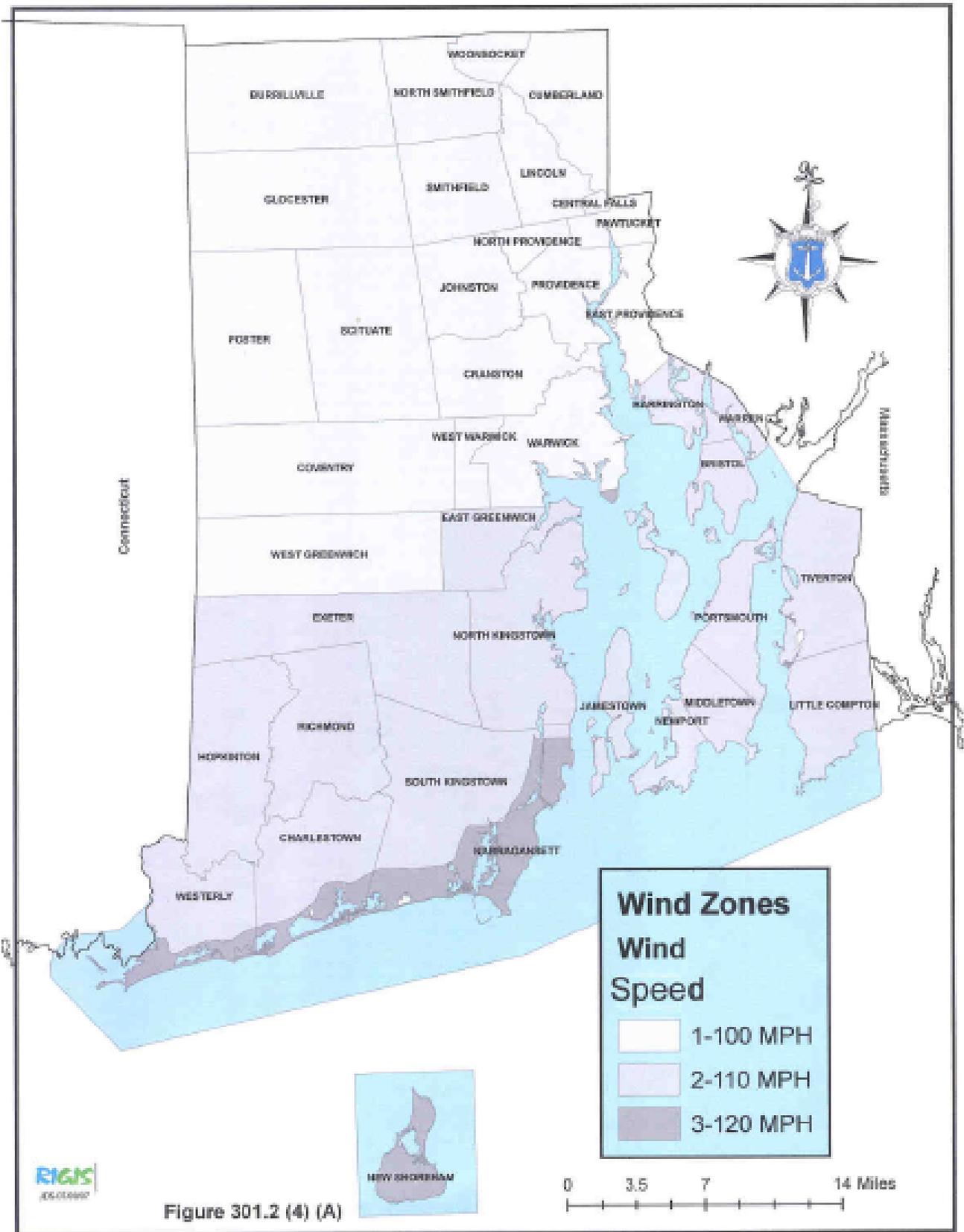
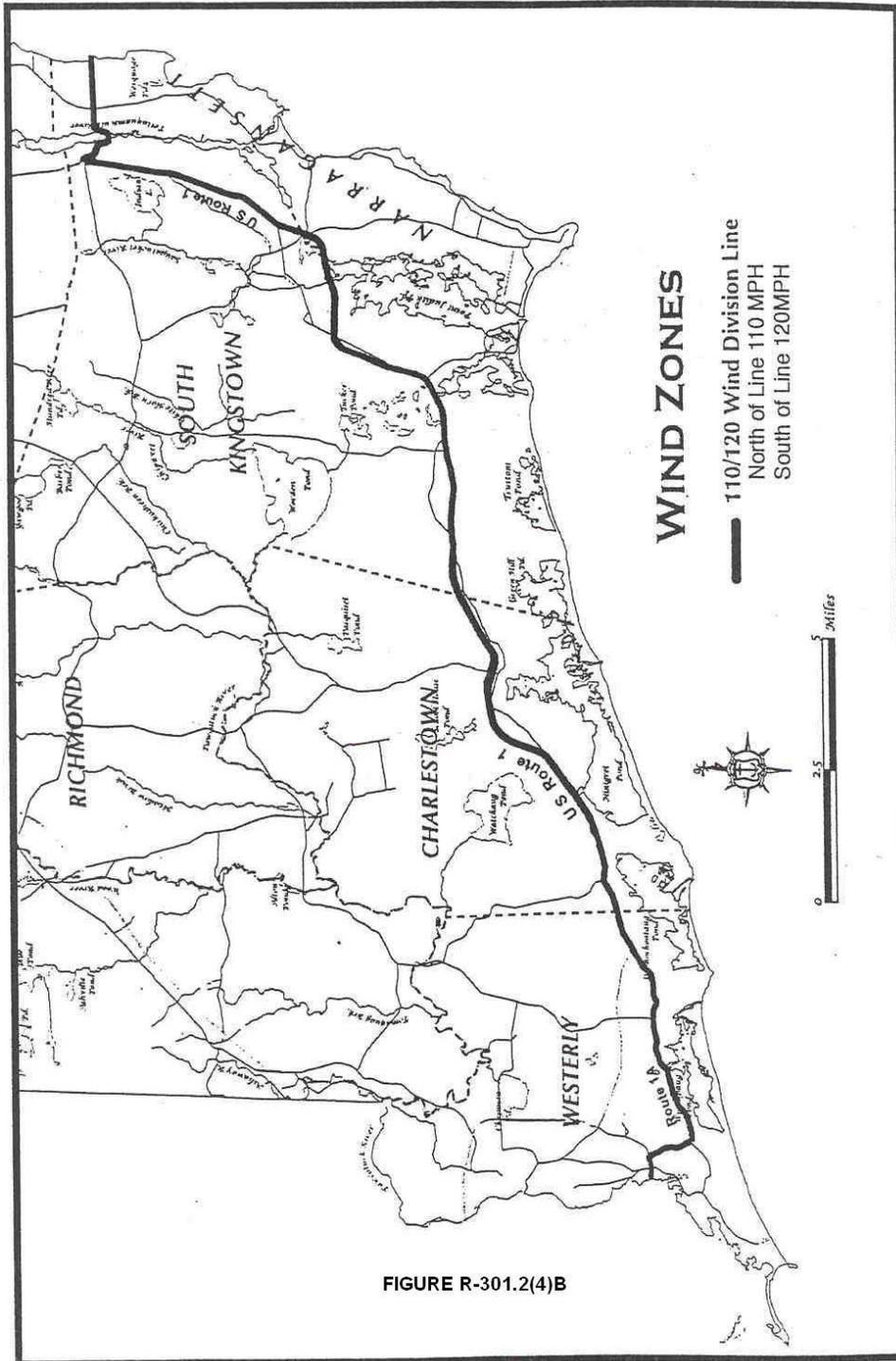


Figure 301.2 (4) (A)

Delete IRC Figures R301.2(4) and substitute the following



Chapter 3

R301.2 Delete and substitute the following:

R301.2 Climatic and geographic designs criteria. Buildings shall be constructed in accordance with the provisions of this code. Additional criteria is established and set forth in Table R301.2 (1)

Table R301.2(1) Delete and substitute the following:

Table R301.2(1)

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Ground Snow Load | | Wind | | Seismic Design Criteria | |
| 30psf ^{1, 2} | | See figure R301.2(4) | | None ⁴ | |
| Weathering | | Frost line depth^{2,3} | | Termite | |
| Severe | | 40'' | | Moderate to Heavy | |
| Decay | | | | | |
| Slight to Moderate | | | | | |
| Winter design Temp | Ice Shield Underlayment Required | Flood Hazards | Air Freezing Index | Mean Temperature Annual | |
| 0° F in Prov County 5° All Other | Yes | Yes (See Community FIRMS) | 1200 ^o Days B.F. | 50° F | |

NOTES:

1. Roof live load and roof snow load are not additive
2. New Shoreham frost depth is 30'' and Ground Snow Load is 25 psf.
3. Requirements for frost depth footings for accessory attached and detached structures are as follows:
 - a. Structures and detached accessory buildings of 0-199 sq. feet do not require any frost depth foundations or footings. Two ground screw anchors or other means approved by the building official shall be provided to resist overturning.
 - b. Accessory attached structures such as decks, platforms or landings shall have footings extending to 3'-4'' below grade. Exterior stairs and steps off decks, balconies and platforms greater than 30'' above grade shall have stringer supports extending to 12'' below grade, and shall be supported and secured to prevent lateral displacement or vertical collapse due to grade changes.
4. Seismic design criteria is not required for buildings and structures regulated by this code.

R301.2.1 Delete and substitute the following:

R301.2.1 Wind limitations. Buildings and portions thereof shall be limited by wind speed, as defined in Table R301.2(1), and construction methods in accordance with this code. Basic wind speeds shall be determined from Table R301.2(1) and Figure R301.2(4). Where different construction methods and structural materials are used for various portions of a building, the applicable requirements of this sections for each portion shall apply. Where loads for windows, skylights and exterior doors are not otherwise specified, the loads listed in Table R301.2(2) adjusted for height and exposure per Table R301.2(3), shall be used to determine design load performance requirements for windows and doors.

Exception: All accessory structures less than 200 sq. ft. in area.

R301.2.1.1 Delete and substitute the following:

R301.2.1.1 Design criteria. Construction in regions where the basic wind speeds from Figure R301.2(1) equal or exceed 110 miles per hour (177.1 km/h) shall be designed in accordance with one of the following.

1. American Forest and Paper Association (AF&PA) Wood Frame Construction Manual for One- and Two-Family Dwellings (WFCM); or
2. Southern Building Code Congress International Standard for Hurricane Resistant Residential Construction (SSTD 10); or
3. Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures (ASCE-7);
4. Cold-formed steel construction shall be designed in accordance with the provisions of this code.
5. Concrete construction shall be designed in accordance with the provisions of this code.
6. For all communities located in the 110 MPH and 120 MPH wind zones, the prescriptive criteria in Appendix AA may be used for buildings and structures in lieu of items 1-3 above:

Exceptions to item 6:

1. Buildings and structures of any size in 110 MPH or 120 MPH wind zones located in a V zone as determined by community FIRMS.
2. Two or more story buildings and structures of any size located in 120 MPH wind zone with more than 20% exterior fenestration.
3. Two or more story structures with a building height greater than 33' as measured from Grade Plane to the average height of the highest roof surface.

4. Any two or more story structure or building with opening fenestration greater than 40% on any one wall.

R301.2.1.2 Delete section R301.2.1.2 and substitute the following:

301.2.1.2 Protection of openings. Windows in buildings located in Wind Zone 3 shall have glazed openings protected from windborne debris or the building shall be designed as a partially enclosed building in accordance with the International Building Code. Glazed opening protection for windborne debris shall meet the requirements of the Large Missile Test of ASTM E 1996 and of ASTM E 1886 referenced therein.

Exception: Wood structural panels with a minimum of thickness of 7/16 inch (11.1 mm) and a maximum span of 8 feet (2438 mm) shall be permitted for opening protection in one- and two-story buildings. Panels shall be precut to cover the glazed openings with attachment hardware provided. Attachments shall be provided in accordance with Table R301.2.1.2 or shall be designed to resist the components and cladding loads determined in accordance with the provisions of the International Building Code.

R303.6 Delete section R303.6 and substitute the following.

R303.6 **Stairway illumination.** Except for bulkhead-covered stairs from basements, all interior and exterior stairways shall be provided with a means to illuminate the stairs, including the landings and treads. Interior stairways shall be provided with an artificial light source located in the immediate vicinity of each landing of the stairway. Exterior stairways shall be provided with an artificial light source located in the immediate vicinity of the top landing of the stairway. Exterior stairways providing access to a basement from the outside grade level shall be provided with an artificial light source located in the immediate vicinity of the bottom landing of the stairway.

Exception: An artificial light source is not required at the top and bottom landing, provided an artificial light source is located directly over each stairway section.

R303.8 Delete without substitution

R305.1 Delete R305.1 and substitute the following:

R305.1 Minimum Height. Habitable rooms, except kitchens, shall have a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet 6 inches (2286 mm) for at least 50 percent of their required areas. Not more than 50 percent of the required area may have a sloped ceiling less than 7 feet 6 inches (2286 mm) in height

with no portion of the required area less than 5 feet (1524 mm) in height. If any room has a furred ceiling, the prescribed ceiling height is required for at least 50 percent of the area thereof, but in no case shall the height of the furred ceiling be less than 7 feet (2134 mm)

Exceptions:

1. Beams and girders spaced not less than 4 feet (1219 mm) on center may project not more than 6 inches (153 mm) below the required ceiling height.
2. All other rooms including kitchens, baths and hallways may have a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet (2134 mm) measured to the lowest projection from the ceiling.
3. Ceiling heights in basements without habitable spaces may not be less than 6 feet 8 inches (2032 mm) clear except for under beams, girders, ducts or other obstructions where the clear height shall be 6 feet 4 inches (1931 mm).
4. Bathrooms shall have a minimum ceiling height of 6 feet 8 inches (2036 mm) over the fixture and at the front clearance area for fixtures as shown in Figure R307.2. A shower or tub equipped with a showerhead shall have a minimum ceiling height of 6 feet 8 inches (2036 mm) above a minimum area 30 inches (762 mm) by 30 inches (762 mm) at the showerhead.
5. Habitable basements used only as recreation rooms shall have a ceiling height of not less than 7 feet, except for under beams, girders, ducts and soffits, etc. where the clear height shall be not less than 6'-4".
6. Existing basements renovated for habitable rooms except sleeping areas shall have a minimum ceiling height of 6'-8" except for under beams, girders, ducts, soffits where the clear height shall be not less than 6'-4". The required ceiling height of 6'-8" shall occur over a minimum of 50% of the actual room area.

R307 Add the following new subsection

R-307.3 Privacy required. Every water closet, bathtub or shower required by this code shall be installed in a room which will afford privacy to the occupant.

R309.3 Delete IRC R309.3 and substitute 309.3 as follows:

R309.3 Floor Surface: Garage and carport floor surfaces shall be of approved noncombustible material. That area of floor used for parking of automobiles or other vehicles shall be sloped to facilitate the movement of liquids toward the main vehicle entry doorway. Where approved by the building official, other means of dispersing spilled liquids from the area may be used to prevent the flow of liquids through doorways into adjoining enclosed areas of dwelling.

Exception: Floor drains must discharge to open finish grade only.

The sills of all door openings between the garage and adjacent interior spaces shall be raised not less than two inches from above the garage floor, or the garage floor shall be installed at a lower elevation so as to provide a minimum four inch step into the adjacent space.

R310.1 Delete R310.1 and substitute the following:

R310.1 Emergency escape and rescue required. Basements with habitable space and every sleeping room shall have at least one openable emergency escape and rescue window or exterior door opening for emergency escape and rescue. Where basements contain one or more sleeping rooms, emergency egress and rescue openings shall be required in each sleeping room, but shall not be required in adjoining areas of the basement. Where openings are provided as a means of escape and rescue they shall have a sill height of not more than 44 inches (1118 mm) above the floor. Where a door opening having a threshold below the adjacent ground elevation serves as an emergency escape and rescue opening and is provided with a bulkhead enclosure, the bulkhead enclosure shall comply with Section R310.3 . The net clear opening dimensions required by this section shall be obtained by the normal operation of the window or door opening from the inside. Escape and rescue window openings with a finished sill height below the adjacent ground elevation shall be provided with a window well in accordance with Section R310.2.

Exception: Basements with habitable space not used for bedrooms shall not require an emergency escape under any one of the following two conditions:

1. Residential sprinkler systems conforming to NFPA 13D latest edition shall be installed throughout all areas of the basement or cellar, or
2. Fuel-fired equipment shall be separated from the habitable room and means of egress with one (1) hour rated construction and 20 minute rated opening protectives.

R310.1.1 Delete R310.1.1 and substitute the following:

R310.1.1 Minimum opening area. All emergency and rescue openings shall have a minimum net clear opening of 4.4 square feet. Where the net clear opening dimensions specified below can be met only with window sashes easily removable without the use of keys, tools or excessive force, the net clear opening area shall be 5.7 square feet.

R310.6 Add the following new section R310.6

R310.6 Basement or Cellar Windows: Except as may be otherwise provided for habitable or occupiable rooms, at least two (2) operable

windows 12" x 32" nominal size shall be installed reasonably remote from each other. Security devices shall not unreasonably impede the use of these windows for light, ventilation or firefighting purposes.

R311.3 Delete R311.3 and substitute the following:

R311.3 Hallways. The minimum width of a hallway shall be not less than 3 feet. Baseboard, casings and other trim shall not reduce the required width to less than 34-1/2".

R311.4.3 Delete R311.4.3 and substitute the following:

R311.4.3 Landings at doors. There shall be a floor or landing on each side of each exterior door.

Exception: Where a stairway of two or fewer risers is located on the exterior side of a door, other than the required exit door, a landing is not required for the exterior side of the door.

The floor or landing at the exit door required by Section R311.4.1 shall not be more than 1.5 inches (38 mm) lower than the top of the threshold. The floor or landing at exterior doors other than the exit door required by Section R311.4.1 shall not be required to comply with this requirement but shall have a rise no greater than that permitted in Section R311.5.3.

Exception: the landing at an exterior doorway shall not be more than 8-1/4 inches (210 mm) below the top of the threshold, provided the door, other than an exterior storm or screen door does not swing over the landing.

The width of each landing shall not be less than the door served. Every landing shall have a minimum dimension of 36 inches (914mm) measured in the direction of travel.

R311.5.3.1 Delete IRC R311.5.3.1 and R311.5.3.2 and substitute the following:

311.5.3.1 Riser height. The maximum riser height shall be 8-1/4 inches (210 mm). The riser shall be measured vertically between leading edges of the adjacent treads. The greatest riser height within any flight of stairs shall not exceed the smallest by more than 3/8 inch (9.5 mm).

311.5.3.2 Tread depth. The minimum tread depth shall be 9 inches (229 mm). The tread depth shall be measured horizontally between the vertical planes of the foremost projection of adjacent treads and at a right angle to the tread's leading edge. The greatest tread depth

within any flight of stairs shall not exceed the smallest by more than 3/8 inch (9.5 mm). Winder treads shall have a minimum tread depth of 9 inches (229 mm) measured as above at a point 12 inches (305) mm from the side where the treads are narrower. Winder treads shall have a minimum tread depth of 6 inches (152 mm) at any point. Within any flight of stairs, the greatest winder tread depth at the 12 inches (305 mm) walk line shall not exceed the smallest by more than 3/8 inch (9.5 mm).

Delete IRC R311.5.3.3 and replace with the following:

311.5.3.3 Profile. The radius of curvature at the leading edge of the tread shall be no greater than 9/16 inch (14.3 mm). A nosing not less than 3/4 inch (19.1 mm) but not more than 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) shall be provided on stairways with solid risers. The greatest nosing projection shall not exceed the smallest nosing projection by more than 3/8 inch (9.5mm) between two stories, including the nosing at the level of floors and landings. Beveling of nosing shall not exceed 1/2 inch (12.7 mm). Risers shall be vertical or sloped from the underside of the leading edge of the tread above at an angle not more than 30 degrees from the vertical. Open risers are permitted.

Exception: A nosing is not required where the tread depth is a minimum of 11 inches (279 mm).

R311 Add the following new section:

R311.5.8.3 Attic and other Pull-Down Types of Stairs: Pull-down types of stairs shall not be required to meet the provisions of sections R311.5 and R312.

Delete IRC R311.6.1 and replace with the following:

R311.6.1 Maximum Slope. Ramps shall have a maximum slope of one unit vertical in eight units horizontal (12.5 percent slope).

R312 Add new section as follows:

R312.3 Seat or Bench Elements. Guardrails which incorporate seat or bench elements shall have a guardrail system complying with R312.2 to a height of 36" measured from the seat surface. The guardrail system shall also extend to the floor surface below the bench or seat element.

Exception: 1. Porches, balconies or raised floors 30" or less above the floor or grade below.

2. Freestanding moveable seat and bench elements

R313 Delete R313 Smoke Alarms and substitute the following:

Provisions for Fire Detection Systems are contained within the Rhode Island Fire Safety Code.

R319.1.3 Delete IRC R319.1.3 and substitute the following:

R319.1.3 Geographical areas. Approved naturally durable or pressure-treated wood shall be used for those portions of wood members which form the structural supports of buildings, balconies, porches, or similar permanent building appurtenances when such members are exposed to the weather without adequate protection from a roof, eave, overhang or other covering which would prevent moisture or water accumulation on the surface or at joints between members. Depending on local experience, such members may include:

1. Horizontal members such as girders, joists and decking.
2. Vertical members such as posts, poles and columns.
3. Both horizontal and vertical members.

R323.1 Delete R323.1 and substitute the following:

R323.1 Elevators. Where provided, passenger elevators, limited-use/limited-application elevators or private residence elevators shall comply with R.I. Elevator Code.

R323.2 Delete R323.2 and substitute the following:

R323.2 Platform lifts. Where provided platform lifts shall comply with R.I. Elevator Code Code.

R324.1 Delete R324.1 and substitute the following:

R323.4 General. All buildings and structures erected in areas prone to flooding as identified in Table R301.2(1) and classified as either flood hazard areas (including A Zones) or coastal high hazard areas (including V-Zones) shall be constructed and elevated as required by the provisions contained in this section and ASCE 24-05.

Exception: All buildings and structures erected in identified floodways as established in Table R301.2(1) shall be designed and constructed as stipulated in SBC-1-1612 and ASCE 24-05.

R324.3.6 Delete R324.3.6 and substitute the following:

R324.3.6 Flood Hazard Certificates. The following certifications shall be submitted to the building official:

1. For construction in flood hazard areas not subject to high-velocity wave action:

1.1 As part of the lowest floor elevation requirements of Section R324.2.1, certification of the elevation of the lowest floor, including basement.

1.2 For fully enclosed areas below the design flood elevation where provisions to allow for the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters do not meet the minimum requirements in Section 2.6.1.1, ASCE 24-05, certification by a registered design professional that the design will provide for equalization of hydrostatic flood forces in accordance with Section 2.6.1.2, ASCE 24-05.

2. For construction in flood hazard areas subject to high-velocity wave action:

2.1 As part of the lowest floor elevation requirements Section R323.3.2, a certification of the elevation of the lowest horizontal structural member.

2.2 A certificate prepared by a registered design professional that the building is designed in accordance with ASCE 24-05, including that the pile or column foundation and building or structure to be attached thereto is designed to be anchored to resist flotation, collapse and lateral movement due to the effects of wind and flood loads acting simultaneously on all building components, and other load requirements of R324.3.3.

2.3 For breakaway walls designed to resist a nominal load of less than 10 pounds per square foot (0.48 kN/m^2) or more than 20 pounds per square foot (0.96 kN/m^2), a certificate prepared by a registered design professional that the breakaway wall is designed in accordance with ASCE 24-05.

R324.4 Add the following new Section:

R324.4 Variances and appeals.

The Board of Appeals after examining the applicant's hardships shall approve or disapprove a variance request and shall hear and decide appeals from the requirements of these regulations, in accordance with the procedures of Section 23-27.3-127.0 of the Rhode Island State Building code and following:

(A) Board of Appeals

The local (or state) Board of Appeals shall hear and decide appeals when it is alleged there is an error in any requirement, decision or determination made by the Building Official in the enforcement or administration of these regulations.

(B) Conditions of Acceptance:

- (1) Variances may be issued for the reconstruction, rehabilitation or restoration of structures listed on the National Register of the State Inventory of Historic Places, without regard to the procedures set forth in this Section.
- (2) Variances may be issued for new construction and substantial improvements to be erected on a lot of one half acre or less in size contiguous to and surrounded by lots with existing structures constructed below the base flood level in conformance with the procedures of paragraphs B (3) (4) (5) and (6) of this Section.
- (3) Variances shall only be issued upon a determination that the variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.
- (4) Variances shall only be issued upon (1) a showing of good and sufficient cause, (2) a determination that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship to the applicant, and (3) a determination that the granting of a variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, extraordinary public expense, create nuisances, cause fraud on or victimization of the public or conflict with existing local laws or ordinances.
- (5) Any applicant to whom a variance is granted shall be given notice in the written decision from the Board of Appeals that the structure will be permitted to be built with a lowest floor elevation X feet below the base flood elevation.
- (6) The Board of Appeals shall notify the applicant in the written decision that (i) the issuance of a variance to construct a structure below the base flood level will result in increased premium rates for flood insurances up to amounts as high as \$25 for \$100 of insurance coverage and (ii) such construction below the base flood level increases risks to life and property. Such notification shall be maintained with a record of all variances actions, including justification for their issuance. All such variances issued shall be reported in the community's Annual Report to the Federal Insurance Administration.
- (7) Variances shall not be issued by a community within any designated regulatory floodway, if any increase in flood levels during the base discharge would result. (For communities which must meet the requirements of Section 60.3 (d) of the National Flood Insurance Program regulations).
- (8) Upon receipt of an application for a variance the Chairman of the Board of Appeals shall forward a copy of the application to the Rhode Island Emergency Management Office, Statewide Flood-Plain Coordinator.

Chapter 4

R401.3 Delete IRC R401.3 and substitute the following:

R401.3 Drainage. Lots shall be graded so that additional accumulation of surface water does not occur across adjoining property. Surface drainage shall be diverted to a storm sewer conveyance or other point of collection so as not to create a hazard. Lots shall be graded so as to drain surface water away from foundation walls. The grade away from foundation walls shall fall a minimum of 6" (inches) (153 mm) within the first 10 feet (3048 mm).

Exception. Where lot lines, walls, slopes or other physical barrier prohibit 6 inches (153 mm) of fall within 10 feet (3048 mm), drains or swales shall be provided to ensure drainage away from the structure.

Table R401.4.1 Delete IRC Table R401.4.1 and substitute the following:

Table R401.4.1

**Presumptive Load-Bearing Values of
Foundation Materials**

| Type of Soil | Load Bearing Pressure (psf) |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Crystalline Bedrock | 12,000-20,000 psf |
| Sedimentary and Foliated Rock | 8,000-12,000 psf |
| Medium Dense-to-Dense Sandy Gravel and Gravel | 4,000 psf |
| Medium Dense-to-Dense well-graded Sand, Silty Sand and Silty Gravel | 3,000 psf |
| Firm Fine Sand, Silty Sand and Silty Gravel | 1,500 psf |
| Loose Fine Sand, Silty Sand, organic soils, clay And areas suspected at being filled | 1,000 psf |

Table R402.2

Delete Table R402.2 and substitute the following:

**TABLE NO R-402.2
MINIMUM SPECIFIED COMPRESSIVE
STRENGTH OF CONCRETE**

| LOCATION | MINIMUM f'_c OF CONCRETE AT 28 DAYS |
|---|--|
| Basement and foundation walls, continuous and isolated footings, basement and garage slabs. | 2500 psi |
| *Exterior slabs, walks and steps exposed to weather | 3000 psi |

*Exterior slabs shall be air-entrained concrete.

Delete IRC Table 403.1 and substitute the following:

**TABLE R403.1
MINIMUM WIDTH OF CONCRETE OR MASONRY FOOTINGS
(Inches)^a**

| | LOAD BEARING VALUE OF SOIL (psf) | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| | 1,500 | 2,000 | 3,000 | ≥4,000 |
| Conventional light-frame construction | | | | |
| 1-story | 12 | 12 | 10 | 10 |
| 2-story | 15 | 12 | 10 | 10 |
| 3-story | 23 | 17 | 12 | 12 |
| 4-inch brick veneer over light frame or 8-inch hollow concrete masonry | | | | |
| 1-story | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 2-story | 21 | 16 | 12 | 12 |
| 3-story | 32 | 24 | 16 | 12 |
| 8-inch solid or fully grouted masonry | | | | |
| 1-story | 16 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 2-story | 29 | 21 | 14 | 12 |
| 3-story | 42 | 32 | 21 | 16 |

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm. 1 pound per square foot = 0.0479 kN/m².

- a. Where minimum footing width is 12 inches, a single wythe of solid or fully grouted 12-inch nominal concrete masonry units is permitted to be used.

Delete R403.1.4.1 Frost Protection and substitute the following:

R403.1.4.1 Frost Protection. Except where otherwise protected from frost, foundation walls, piers and other permanent supports of buildings and structures shall be protected from frost by one or more of the following methods:

1. Extending below the frost line specified in Table R301.2.(1);
2. Constructing in accordance with Section R403.3;
3. Constructing in accordance with ASCE32-01;
4. Erected on solid rock.

Exceptions:

1. Freestanding accessory structures with an area of 200 square feet (18.5 m²) or less and an eave height of 10 feet (3048 mm) or less shall not be required to be protected.
2. Decks not supported by a dwelling need not be provided with footings that extend below the frost line.

Footings shall not bear on frozen soil unless such frozen condition is of a permanent character.

R403.1.6 Delete R403.1.6 and R403.1.6.1 and substitute the following:

R403.1.6 General Foundation Anchorage. Foundation sill plates at exterior walls shall be anchored to the foundation as follows:

1 + 2story buildings – ½” @ 48” o/c or
5/8” @ 72” o/c

3 story building - ½” @ 24” o/c or
5/8” @ 36” o/c

Bolts shall be spaced not more than 12” from the corners. Bolts shall extend a minimum of 15” into masonry or 7” into concrete. Sill plates shall be protected from decay in accordance with Section R323. Nuts and washers shall be tightened on each bolt to the plate and shall not be recessed or countersink into the first plate. Bolts shall be high enough to allow for full engagement of the nut and nuts shall be left exposed for inspection at the framing stage of construction.

Exception: Foundation anchor straps, spaced as required to provide equivalent anchorage to ½” diameter anchor bolts.

R403.1.6.1 Braced Panel Anchorage. Shear walls shall be anchored to the foundation in accordance with Appendix AA or the reference standards in R301.2.1.1. The shear wall connections shall be in addition to general foundation anchorage requirements.

R403.3 Delete R403.3 and substitute the following:

R403.3 Frost protected shallow foundations. For buildings where the monthly mean temperature of the building is maintained at a minimum of 64° (18 °c), footings are not required to extend below the frost line when protected from frost by insulation in accordance with Figure R403.3(1) and Table R403.3. The air freezing index (°F-days) is 2000 for the entire State of Rhode Island.

Exceptions:

1. No foundation not so protected may be attached to frost-protected shallow foundations.
2. Unheated garages, porches, utility rooms and carports shall not be permitted to be attached to dwelling units with frost-protected shallow foundations.
3. The use of frost-protected shallow foundations shall be limited to 1 story buildings a maximum of 16' from average grade to topmost part of main roof.

Materials used below grade for the purpose of insulating footings against frost shall be labeled as complying with ASTM C578.

Delete R403.3.1, R403.3.1.1, Figure R403.3(3), Figure R403.3(4), and R403.3.1.2.

R403.3.2 Delete and substitute the following:

R403.3.2 Protection of vertical and horizontal insulation. Vertical insulation shall be protected from damage for its full height from above grade to below grade by use of cementitious board, plywood rated for below ground use or other approved impact-resistant materials attached directly to the surface of the insulation. A continuous metal flashing termite barrier shall be installed under the sill plate at the top of the concrete slab and wall and vertical insulation edge and left exposed at the exterior. All anchor bolt penetrations shall be sealed.

Remove R404.1 #4 and #5 without substitution.

Table R404.1.1(5) Note D

Delete note D and substitute

Note D. Steel reinforcing clearance shall be 1-1/2" minimum to face of wall and 3" to bottom of footing

Chapter 6

R602.10 Delete R602.10 and substitute the following:

R602.10 Wall bracing. Walls shall be braced in accordance with this section.

Exception: Structures subject to the scope limitations of Appendix shall be permitted to be braced in accordance with Appendix AA in lieu of the provisions of this section.

R613.4 Delete R613.7 without substitution.

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Chapter 7

R703.12 Add the following:

R 703.12 Re-siding Exterior Walls. Materials and methods of application used for residing or replacing an existing wall covering shall comply with the requirements of Section R-703. New exterior side wall covering shall not be installed without first removing existing wall coverings when any of the following conditions occur:

1. When the existing wall or wall covering is water-soaked or has deteriorated to the point that the existing wall or wall covering is not acceptable as a base for additional covering.
2. When the existing wall has three (3) or more applications of any wall covering.

Exception: The total number of wall coverings shall not be limited when any of the existing wall coverings consist of asbestos cement board or asbestos cement shingles or any protective encapsulating or protective siding/layer immediately over the asbestos material.

Asbestos cement board or asbestos cement shingles and any protective encapsulating layer thereupon shall not be required to be removed unless the existing wall is unacceptable for use as a base for additional layers of wall covering.

Any disturbance, repair or removal of existing asbestos cement board or asbestos cement shingles shall be in accordance with all State and Federal regulations.

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Chapter 8

R802.11 Add the following to R802.11:

Exception: Trusses: Trusses shall have ties to top wall plates in accordance with minimum uplift design loads provided by the truss manufacturer.

Add the following new subsection:

R802.11.2 Rafters: Rafters shall have ties at the wall plate and ridge bearing points in accordance with Appendix AA

R807.1 Add the words “or closet” after the word “hallway” on line 3 paragraph 2.

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Chapter 9

R905.2.6 Delete R905.2.6 and substitute the following:

R905.2.6 Attachment. Asphalt strip shingles shall have a minimum of six fasteners per shingle.

Exceptions:

1. Where the roof slope exceeds 20 units vertical in 12 units horizontal (20:12), special fastening details may be required by the manufacturer.
2. Fastening systems tested by the manufacturer to ASTM D3161 modified to use a wind speed of 110 MPH shall be permitted to be installed in any wind zone.

R905.2.7.2 Delete without substitution

R905.2.8.2.3 Delete and substitute the following:

3. For closed valleys (valley covered with shingles), valley lining of one ply of smooth roll roofing complying with ASTM D224 Type II or Type III and at least 36 inches (914 mm) wide or valley lining as described in Items 1 and 2 above shall be permitted. Specialty underlayment complying with ASTM D 1970 may be used in lieu of the lining material. Other valley lining systems and techniques acceptable to the shingle manufacturer shall be approved by the Building Official.

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Chapter 10

Modify Table R1003.1 and Figure R1003.1 as follows. Delete line item N and delete figure note regarding 1-1/2" min. grout.

Add the following new section R-1007 Room Heater

R-1007.0 Room Heaters (Wood/Coal/Pellet Stoves)

- 1007.1 General:** Solid-fuel-burning room heaters shall be tested in accordance with UL 1482 listed in Appendix A of this Code.
- 1007.2 Multiple fuel-flue installations:** A solid-fuel-burning room heater shall not connect to a chimney passageway venting another appliance.
- 1007.3 Used or antique stoves and room heaters:** The Building Official shall permit the installation and use of non-listed or tested stoves and heaters when installed in accordance with the provisions of Table 1007.3 as follows:

**Table 1007.3
CLEARANCE REDUCTION METHODS**

| TYPE OF PROTECTIVE ASSEMBLY ^a | REDUCED CLEARANCE WITH PROTECTION (inches) ^a | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----|-----|-----|---|----|---|---|
| | Horizontal combustible assemblies located above the heat source | | | | Horizontal combustible assemblies located beneath the heat source and all vertical combustible assemblies | | | |
| | Required clearance to combustibles without protection (inches) ^a | | | | Required clearance to combustibles without protection (inches) ^a | | | |
| | 36 | 18 | 9 | 6 | 36 | 18 | 9 | 6 |
| Galvanized sheet metal, minimum nominal thickness of 0.024 inch (No. 24 Gage), mounted on 1-inch glass fiber or mineral wool batt reinforced with wire on the back, 1 inch off the combustible assembly. | 18 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| Galvanized sheet metal, minimum nominal thickness of 0.024 inch (No. 24 Gage), spaced 1 inch off the combustible assembly. | 18 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 2 |
| Two layers of galvanized sheet metal, minimum nominal thickness of 0.024 inch (No. 24 Gage), having a 1-inch airspace between layers, spaced 1 inch off the combustible assembly | 18 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| Two layers of galvanized sheet metal, minimum nominal thickness of 0.024 inch (No. 24 Gage), having 1 inch of fiberglass insulation between layers, spaced 1 inch off the combustible assembly. | 18 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 12 | 6 | 3 | 3 |
| 0.5-inch inorganic insulating board, over 1 inch of fiberglass or mineral wool batt, against the combustible assembly | 24 | 12 | 6 | 4 | 18 | 9 | 5 | 3 |
| 3.5-inch brick wall, spaced 1 inch off the combustible wall | --- | --- | --- | --- | 12 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 3.5 inch brick wall, against the combustible wall | --- | --- | --- | --- | 24 | 12 | 6 | 5 |

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, °C = [(°F)-32]/1.8, 1 pound per cubic foot = 16.02 kg/m³, 1.0 Btu x in/ft² .h. °F=0.144 W/m² .°K.

a. Mineral wool and glass fiber batts (blanket or board) shall have a minimum density of 8 pounds per cubic foot and a minimum melting point of 1,500° F. Insulation material utilized as part of a clearance reduction system shall have a thermal conductivity of 1.0 Btu x in/(ft² .h. °F) or less. Insulation board shall be formed of noncombustible material.

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Chapter 11

N1101.2 Delete N1101.2 and substitute the following:

N1101.2 Compliance shall be demonstrated by either:

1. Meeting the requirements of the Rhode Island Energy Conservation Code SBC-8-2007.
2. Meeting the requirements of this chapter using the criteria for climate zone 5 from Figure N 1101.2 or table N1101.2.
3. Meeting the following prescriptive requirements listed as table 1102 for the exterior envelope enclosing heated spaces indicated in chapter 11 by 1102.1, 1102.2, and 1102.3. The remaining sections of Chapter 11 will apply
4. Compliance submission of Res-Check for Zone 5 & Chapter 11

1102 Rhode Island shall be considered as climate zone 5A with the following design conditions.

| Add the following Table | | |
|--|-------------------|------------|
| Table 1102 Exterior Design Conditions. See Figure 1102 A | Value | Value |
| Climate zone | Providence County | All others |
| Winter, design dry-bulb (degree F) | 0 | 5 |
| Summer, design dry-bulb | 87 | 89 |
| Summer design wet-bulb | 71 | 73 |
| Degree days heating | 6831 | 5950 |
| Degree days cooling | 371 | 811 |

**TABLE 1102.1
INSULATION AND FENESTRATION REQUIREMENTS BY COMPONENT**

| Window Area Percentage of Exterior Wall Area | Fenestration U-Factor | Skylight U-Factor | Ceiling R-Value | Frame Wall R-Value | Mass Wall R-Value | Floor R-Value | Basement Wall R-Value | Crawl Space R-Value |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 0 > 17.5 | 0.35 | 0.60 | R-38 | R-15 or R13 +5 ^a | R-13 | R-19/30 ^b | R-10 | R10/13 ^c |
| 17.51 > 25 | 0.35 | 0.60 | R-38 | R-19 or R13 +5 ^a | R-13 | R-30 | R-13 | R10/13 ^c |

- Footnote :
- a. "13 +5" means R-13 cavity insulation plus R-5 insulated sheathing
 - b. R-19/30 means R-19 at floors above occupiable (unheated basements) areas; and R-30 above open crawl space and garage areas
 - c. R 10 / 13 means R-10 continuous or R-13 at cavity

Notes: 1. If window area exceeds 25% of gross exterior conditioned space wall area, the provisions of chapter 11, or SBC- 8-2007 State Energy Conservation Code Chapter 4 prevail.

2. R-Value 10.0 insulation shall be installed for unheated slab on grade structures from grade to 2' (two feet) below grade and shall be protected against physical damage in accordance with Section R403.3.2. The maximum amount of un-insulated foundation above grade shall be 16".
3. Sliding glass doors and fully glazed patio doors shall be considered windows for the purpose of this table
4. Roof / ceiling assemblies in which the finished interior surface is the underside of the roof sheathing, or where the finished ceiling surface is attached to the underside of the roof framing member (i.e. cathedral ceilings), shall have a minimum R-value of 30. Additionally insulation provided at the exterior walls of the structure or portion containing such conditions shall have an accompanying wall insulation value of R-19 or better, and a glass U-factor with a maximum of 0.35.
5. Mass walls shall meet the R-value requirements of Section N 1102.1.
6. Skylights and roof windows shall have a maximum U factor of 0.60.
7. Foundation walls enclosing basements with conditioned space shall have a maximum of 16" exposed above grade without insulation.

1101.8 Add the following to 1101.8, Certificate:

Figure 110.1.8

A certificate similar to this shall be attached to or near the electrical panel board.

| ENERGY CERTIFICATE | |
|--|---------------------------|
| STREET ADDRESS: | _____ |
| CITY/TOWN: | _____ |
| PREDOMINANT VALUES: | |
| R VALUE CEILING/ROOF | _____ |
| R VALUE WALLS | _____ |
| R VALUE FOUNDATION | _____ |
| R VALUE DUCTS | _____ |
| U FACTOR FENESTRATION | _____ |
| U FACTOR SKYLIGHT | _____ |
| AFUE VALUE BOILER/FURNACE | _____ |
| CERTIFICATE COMPLETED BY BUILDER/REGISTERED DESIGN PROFESSIONAL | |
| | _____ SIGNATURE |

Delete N 1103.3 and substitute following

N1103.3 Mechanical system piping insulation.

Mechanical system piping capable of carrying fluids above 105°F (40°C) or below 55°F (13°C) shall be insulated to a minimum of R-2 in un-conditioned spaces:

Add the following section:

1103.7 Minimum equipment performance.

Heating and cooling equipment shall have minimum equipment performance as indicated in Table 1103.7.1.

TABLE 1103.7.1

MINIMUM EQUIPMENT PERFORMANCE

| EQUIPMENT CATEGORY | SUBCATEGORY | REFERENCED STANDARD | MINIMUM PERFORMANCE |
|---|--------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Air-cooled heat pumps, Heating mode <65,000 Btu/h cooling capacity | Split systems | ARI 210/240 | 8 HSPF ^{a,b} |
| | Single package | | 7.6 HSPF ^{a,b} |
| Gas-fired or oil-fired furnace <225,000 Btu/h | — | DOE 10 CFR Part 430, Subpart B, Appendix N | AFUE 85% ^b |
| Gas-fired or oil fired steam and hot-water boilers <300,000 Btu/h | — | DOE 10 CFR Part 430, Subpart B, Appendix N | AFUE 80% ^{b,c} |
| Air-cooled air conditioners and heat pumps, Cooling mode <65,000 Btu/h cooling capacity | Split systems | ARI 210/240 | 13.0 SEER ^b |
| | Single package | | 12.0 SEER ^b |

For SI: 1 British thermal unit per hour = 0.2931 W.

- a. For multicapacity equipment, the minimum performance shall apply to each capacity step provided. Multicapacity refers to manufacturer-published ratings for more than one capacity mode allowed by the product's controls.
- b. This is used to be consistent with the National Appliance Energy Conservation Act (NAECA) of 1987 (Public Law 100-12).
- c. Except for gas-fired steam boilers for which the minimum AFUE shall be 75 percent.

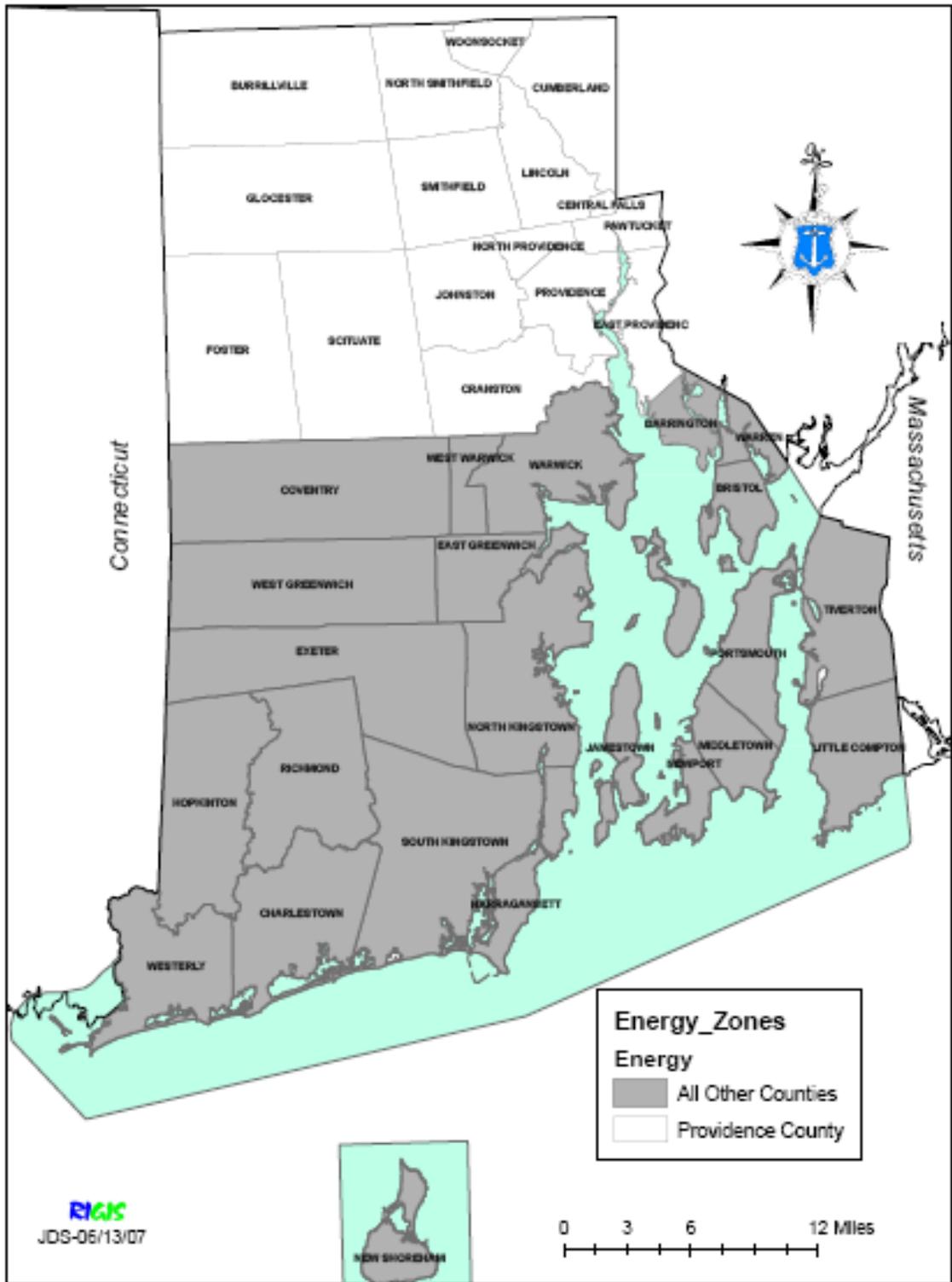


Figure 1102A

Chapter 14

M 1401.3 Delete M1401.3 and substitute the following:

M 1401.3 Sizing. Heating and cooling equipment shall be sized based on building loads calculated in accordance with ACCA Manual J or other approved heating and cooling methodologies. To recognize equipment sizing availability and to provide for future additions, equipment shall be sized so as not to exceed 150% of the submitted building load calculations.

M 1411.4 Delete M1411.4 and substitute the following:

M 1411.4 Insulation of refrigerant piping. Piping and fittings for refrigerant vapor (suction) lines shall be insulated with insulation having a thermal resistivity of at least $R=3.0 \text{ hr.} - \text{ft}^2 \cdot \text{°F}/\text{BTU}$ and having external surface permeance not exceeding 0.05 perms [$2.87 \text{ mg./ (s.m}^2\text{P}_a\text{)]}$ when tested in accordance with ASTM E 96.

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Chapter 15

Delete Exception 2 - M1502.6 Duct length and substitute the following.

Exceptions: 2. Where large-radius 45-degree (0.8 rad) and 90-degree (1.6 rad) bends are installed, determination of the equivalent length of clothes dryer exhaust duct for each bend by engineering calculation shall be permitted..

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Chapter 16

M1601.3.1 Add the following exceptions to M1601.3.1

Exception: Flexible air ducts shall be permitted to be joined with or without tapes using approved mechanically fastened tension straps or flexties installed with a tensioning gun or other similar technologies.

M 1602.2 Add the following exception to M1602.2.4

Exception: return air shall be permitted to be taken from locations such as a kitchen or garage which is provided its own separate and individual system providing 100% of the supply air for that space.

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Chapter 18

To M1801.3.1 Size add the following exception:

Exception:

Installation of replacement appliances below an 85% AFUE rating shall be exempt from the requirement of installing a new chimney liner and must meet the manufacturer's recommendations for installation in an unlined chimney.

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Chapter 22

Add the following exception to M2201.1 Materials.

Exception: Non-metallic storage tanks shall meet the requirements of UL subject 2258 and shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

Delete and Substitute M2201.2 Above ground tanks. The maximum amount of fuel oil stored any above ground or inside of a building shall be 1320 gallons (2498L) and the maximum amount of oil connected to any one (1) appliance shall be 660 gallons. When capacity exceeds 660 gallons the tanks shall be double walled and sized so that they can be removed from the building without dismantling of the tank.

M2203.8 Add the following code section:

M2203.8 Emergency Disconnect Switch. When an oil fired heating appliance is located inside a structure, a remote means of shutting off power to the oil pump and firing circuit in addition to the serviceman's switch shall be provided as follows:

1. When the appliance is located in an unfinished basement or cellar, an additional shutdown switch shall be installed at the entrance to the basement at the top of the stairs, located on either side of any door.
2. When the appliance is located in a separately dedicated utility room, the switch shall be located outside the room immediately adjacent to its entrance.
3. When the appliance is located in a crawl space or attic, the switch shall be located immediately outside the entrance to the crawl space or attic area.

The switch shall be located on a wall mounted between 60" and 80" above the floor surface and be identified with a red cover plate suitably identified as to its purpose.

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Chapter 24

G2415.1 Delete G2415.1 and substitute the following:

G2415.1 (401.1) Prohibited locations. Piping shall not be installed in or through a circulating air duct, clothes chute, chimney or gas vent, ventilating duct, dumbwaiter or elevator shaft.

G2425.15 Add the following exception to G2425.15.1:

Exception:

Installation of replacement appliances below an 85% AFUE rating shall be exempt from the requirement of installing a new chimney liner and must meet the manufacturer's recommendations for installation in an unlined chimney.

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Chapter 25

P-2501.1 Delete 2501.1 and substitute the following.

P2501.1 Scope. The provisions of this chapter shall govern the installation of plumbing not specifically covered in other chapters applicable to plumbing systems

P2503.4 Delete P2503.4 Building Sewer Testing without substitution.

P2503.5.2 Delete P2503.5.2 Finished Plumbing and substitute the following:

P2503.5.2 Finished Plumbing. After the plumbing fixtures have been set and then traps filled with water, their connections shall be tested and proved water tight by filling and then draining each fixture and their traps and fixture connections proven tight by visual inspection.

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Chapter 26

P2603.5 Add the following exception to P2603.5 Pipes through footings or foundation walls:

Exception: PVC schedule 40 minimum pipe shall not be required to be sleeved or be provided with a relieving arch.

P2603.6 Add the following exception to P2603.6 Freezing:

Exception: Soil and vent stacks located within exterior walls and vent pipes in attics shall not be required to be insulated.

P2603.6.1 Delete P2603.6.1 and substitute the following

P2603.6.1 Sewer Depth.

Building sewers that connect to private sewage disposal systems shall meet the requirements of the Department of Environmental Management's Regulations for Individual Sewage Disposal Systems. Building sewers connecting to a public sewer shall be a minimum of 36 inches below grade.

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Chapter 29

P2903.3 Delete P2903.3 Minimum Pressure and substitute the following:

P2903.3 Minimum Pressure. Minimum static pressure shall be 40 psi measured before any meter, or a booster pump shall be installed after the meter providing 40 psi minimum static pressure. For private wells, 40 psi minimum shall be provided at the outlet of any storage tank or pump.

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Chapter 30

P 3008.1 Delete section P3008.1 and substitute the following

P3008.1 Mandatory installation of check valves. All new residential construction that will connect to a sanitary sewer system and any residential construction where the existing sewer connection will be substantially altered shall have a check valve installed that is automatically activated, on the main building sewer line for purposes of protecting residents from the possible backflow of, and exposure to, untreated sewage.

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Appendices

Appendix E

AE 303 and 304 Delete Sections 303 and 304 and substitute the following:

AE 303 Permit issuance – See SBC-1 and Section R105.

AE 304 Fees. See SBC-1 and R108.

Appendix G

Add the following new Section AG 103.3 Water Treatment

AG103.3 Water Treatment: Circulation systems shall be of adequate size to turn over the entire pool content at least once every 12 hours for private swimming pools. Circulation system equipment shall be designed to provide the proper turnover rate based upon the manufacturer's recommended maximum flow rate of the filter, in clean media condition.

ADD THE FOLLOWING SECTION:

AG 109 Pools. Pools shall be provided with energy conserving measures in accordance with sections AG109.1 through AG109.3

AG 109.1 Pool heaters. All pool heaters shall be equipped with a readily accessible on- off switch to allow shutting off the heater without adjusting the thermostat setting. Pool heaters fired by natural gas shall not have continuously burning pilot lights.

AG 109.2 Time switches. Time switches that can automatically turn off and on heaters and pumps according to a preset schedule shall be installed on swimming pool heaters and pumps.

Exception: Where pumps are required to operate solar and waste-heat recovery pool heating systems.

AG 109.3 Pool Covers. Heated pools shall be equipped with a vapor retardant pool cover on or at the water surface. Pools heated to more than 90 F (32 C) shall have a pool cover with a minimum insulation value of R-12.

Exception: Pools deriving over 60 percent of the energy for heating from site-recovered energy or solar energy source.

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Add the following new Appendix AA

APPENDIX AA

AA 100 HIGH WIND PRESCRIPTIVE DESIGN

AA 101.1 General. This appendix contains prescriptive solutions for compliance on wind path load transfer requirements, and shall be used only within the limitations of section AA101.2.

AA 101.2 Conditions of use. The prescriptive solutions specified in the following sections shall not be permitted to be used in the following conditions:

1. Buildings and structures of any size in 110 MPH or 120 MPH wind zones located in a V zone as determined by community FIRMS.
2. Two or more story buildings and structures of any size located in 120 MPH wind zone with more than 20% exterior fenestration.
3. Two or more story structures with a building height greater than 33' as measured from Grade Plane to the average height of the highest roof surface.
4. Any two or more story structure or building with opening fenestration greater than 40% on any one wall.

AA 202 Roofs

AA 202.1 Scope. The following applies to structures conventionally framed or to truss-type roofs.

AA 202.2 Roof Sheathing. Roof sheathing shall be not less than 7/16" finished thickness.

AA 202.3 Roof nailing. Roof attachment shall be accomplished with minimum 8d nails as follows:

1. In the 4 foot perimeter edge zone along the edges: 6" o/c
2. To the intermediate supports within the 4 foot perimeter edge zone: 6" o/c
3. Along the gable end wall or rake: 4" o/c
4. All other areas: 6" o/c edge; 12" o/c intermediate.

All sheathing edges within the 4-foot perimeter edge zone shall be blocked with 2x3 minimum including the ridge line and soffit/fascia area. Provisions for ventilation air shall be maintained.

Exception: 2 x 3 intermediate blocking can be eliminated provided all sheathing is 5/8" nominal tongue and groove structural panels.

AA 202.4 Ridge Straps. Ridge straps 1-1/4" x 20 gage shall be attached to each pair of opposing rafters with 5-8d nails at each end into the framing member.

Exceptions:

1. Ridge straps are not required when collar ties of nominal 1 x 6 or 2 x 4 lumber are located within the upper third of the attic space and attached to each rafter with 3-10 d nails
2. Trusses without a framed ridge connection.
3. Plywood gussets of equivalent cross section.
4. Other engineered connections.
5. At hips, straps shall be installed so each hip jack is connected across the hip line with at least 1-8d into an opposite framing member.

AA 202.5 Rake and eave overhangs. Overhangs shall be limited to 24". Ladder style rake overhangs attached to the gable end walls shall be limited to 12". Cantilevered rake overhangs at gable end walls shall be limited to 24".

AA 202.6 Roof assembly to wall assembly. See Section R802.11.

Exception: Roof truss to wall connection shall be designed to withstand either the load requirements of Table R802.11 or the connection loads indicated on the truss design shop drawings, whichever is greater.

AA 203 Walls

AA 203.1 Wall sheathing. Wall sheathing shall be a minimum 7/16" structural panel. Nailing shall be in accordance with Table R602.3 (1) and the following:

1. At the top plate or plates, the sheathing shall extend from the top of the top plate to a minimum of 16" beyond the stud-to-bottom of the top plate connection. A minimum of 4 nails shall be used at each stud fastening, and edge-nailed to each plate at 6" o/c.

Alternate: prefabricated and pre-engineered connection straps approved by the Building Official.

2. If the studs are not continuous to the foundation plate such as at an intermediate floor, the wall sheathing shall be continuous and uninterrupted for a distance of 16" beyond from top of bottom wall plate to 16" beyond bottom of bottom wall top plate below, with a minimum of 4 nails at each stud, and field-nailed at 6" o/c to floor joist header framing.
Alternate: Prefabricated and pre-engineered connection anchors or fasteners approved by the Building Official.
3. At the bottom of the wall assembly to the foundation sill plate, the wall sheathing shall be continuous from a point 16" above the top of the bottom wall plate to the bottom of the foundation sill, with a minimum of 4 nails at each stud, 6" field nailed and edge nailed to the foundation sill plate at 6" o/c.
Alternate: Prefabricated pre-engineered connection anchors or fasteners approved by the Building Official.

AA 203.2 Shear Walls. A 4' segment of wall sheathing shall be designated as a shear wall at each corner of the structure at each floor, and no more than 24' apart along a wall length. The following additional requirements apply:

1. No openings are permitted within this 4' section.

Exception: Window openings are allowed no closer than 2' to corner providing the length of that shear panel is increased to 8'.

2. All edges shall be blocked and nailed at 6" o/c, and field-nailed at 6" o/c.
3. Studs shall be doubled at each end of the shear wall panel.

AA 203.2.1 Shear wall holddowns.

1st story shear walls shall be connected to the foundation below with connection anchoring capable of 3500 lb. hold-down capacity, in addition to conventional foundation anchor bolt requirements in the remainder of the panel. The hold downs shall be fastened to each end of the shear wall at the double stud.

Exception #1: Shear wall holddowns shall not be required in wind zones I or II (100 mph or 110 mph).

Exception #2: Shear wall anchors shall not be required provided ½" anchor bolts at 48" o/c max are installed with the top of the bolts anchored through the floor system to the bottom plate of the exterior wall frame for the entire foundation perimeter.

AA 203.3 Foundation anchor bolts.

Anchor bolts shall be installed in accordance with section R403.1.6 and the following:

1 + 2 story buildings – ½” @ 48” o/c or
5/8” @ 72” o/c

3 story building - ½” @ 24” o/c or
5/8” @ 36” o/c

Alternate: Prefabricated and pre-engineered connections in design and quantity sufficient to equal strength of anchor bolt specification above.

Exception: See Exception #2 to AA 203.2.1 above.

AA 203.4 Wall Framing.

AA203.4.1. For wind zone 2 (110 mph) and zone 3 (120 mph) the following conditions apply:

1. Exterior bearing and non-bearing walls greater than 10’ in height shall be 2 x 6 @ 16” o/c min.
2. Walls with a total height greater than 10’ shall be permitted to use 2 x 4 @ 16” o/c providing the wall is limited to 10’ in length and the individual studs are not greater than 9’ in length.

AA203.4.2 Garage doors.

In wind zone 3 (120) mph garage doors shall be limited to 9’ x 8’ nominal.

AA204 Deviations.

AA204.1 Deviations. Deviations from the above prescriptive requirements shall only be permitted if stamped calculations and drawings are provided by a Rhode Island registered professional engineer for alternative connections.