

Regulation 36-14-12001 — Preliminary Investigations.

Pursuant to its constitutional authority to investigate violations of the State's Code of Ethics (R.I. Const., art. III, sec. 8) and its statutory empowerment to investigate allegations of violations of the provisions of R.I. Gen. Laws § 36-14-1, et seq. (R.I. Gen. Laws § 36-14-12(a)), the Rhode Island Ethics Commission adopts the following procedures for the preliminary investigation of allegations of violations of the Code of Ethics.

- (a) Upon a determination by the Executive Director of the Commission that information provided to and/or in the possession of the Commission and/or its staff establishes a reasonable basis to believe that a state or municipal official or employee, as those terms are defined in R.I. Gen. Laws § 36-14-1, et seq., may have violated provisions of R.I. Gen. Laws § 36-14-1, et seq., the State's Code of Ethics, the Executive Director, within a reasonable time, shall provide the Commission with written notification that a preliminary investigation has been initiated including the date the preliminary investigation file was opened, the subject(s) and/or subject matter of the preliminary investigation, and the nature and source(s) of the information that establishes a reasonable basis that a state or municipal official or employee may have violated provisions of R.I. Gen. Laws § 36-14-1, et seq., the State's Code of Ethics.
- (b) All files, documents or other materials relating to a preliminary investigation, including but not limited to written notifications, pleadings, records of counsel and investigators, subpoenas and pleadings requesting the issuance of subpoenas, documentary evidence, and records of witness statements, whether written or recorded by other means, shall remain confidential, except as follows:
 - (1) the Commission, itself or through its Executive Director, may at any time grant access to any information related to and/or obtained during a preliminary investigation to any federal, state or municipal law enforcement agency;
 - (2) the Commission, itself or through its Executive Director or his/her designee, may in a complaint filed with the Commission pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 36-14-12(b) disclose information related to and/or obtained during a preliminary investigation; and,
 - (3) the Commission, itself or through its Executive Director or his/her designee, shall disclose information related to and/or obtained during a preliminary investigation in accordance with the provisions of R.I. Gen. Laws § 36-14-12(c)(4).
- (c) In accordance with R.I. Gen. Laws § 36-14-12(a)(1) the Commission, through the issuance of subpoenas, may compel the attendance of witnesses and require the production of documents as follows:
 - (1) no subpoenas may issue until written notification of the initiation of a preliminary investigation is made to the Commission pursuant to subsection (a) of this regulation; and,
 - (2) issuance of a subpoena(s) as part of a preliminary investigation shall be in accordance with the provisions of Commission Regulation 36-14-1009.

- (d) No later than sixty (60) days from the initiation of a preliminary investigation the Commission, itself or through its Executive Director, shall complete its preliminary investigation and the Executive Director or his/her designee shall file a report with the full Commission detailing the results of said investigation, including whether or not the Executive Director or his/her designee intends to file a complaint with the Commission pursuant to R.I. Gen. Laws § 36-14-12(b) as a result of said investigation. Upon a showing of good cause the Commission may grant an extension of time for the filing of said report.
- (e) The Executive Director or designee shall provide the Commission with quarterly reports identifying all open preliminary investigations.
- (f) The Executive Director or designee shall provide the Commission with notice when a preliminary investigation is closed without the filing of a complaint.